

Incidence of severe critical events in paediatric anaesthesia (APRICOT): a prospective multicentre observational study in 261 hospitals in Europe



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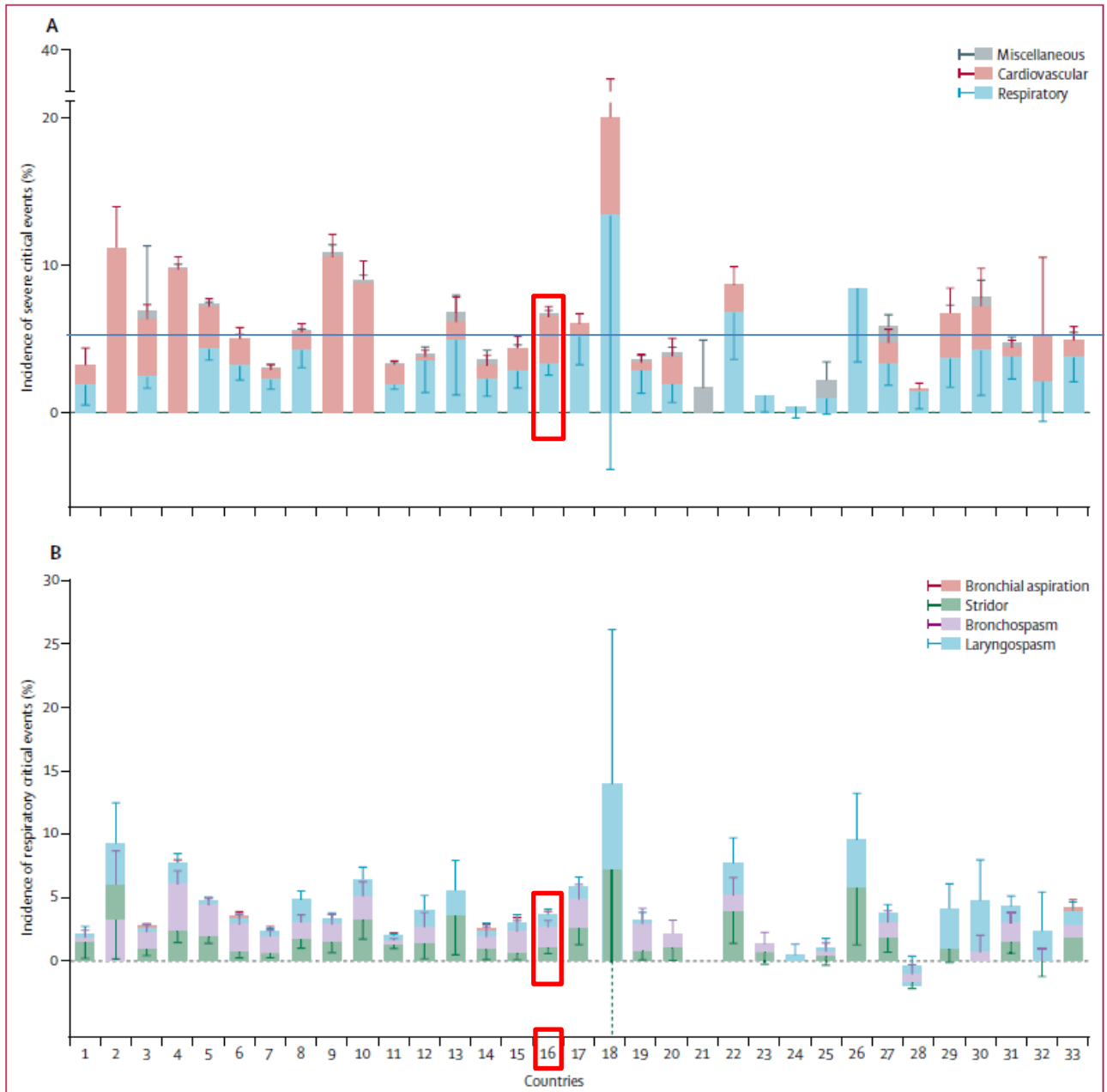


Figure 3: Distribution of severe critical events throughout the 33 European countries

(A) Relative incidence and 95% CIs of respiratory (bronchospasm, laryngospasm, bronchial aspiration, stridor), cardiovascular (cardiovascular instability and cardiac arrest), and miscellaneous severe critical events (anaphylaxis, neurological events, and drug errors). (B) Relative incidence and 95% CIs of the four respiratory critical events.